

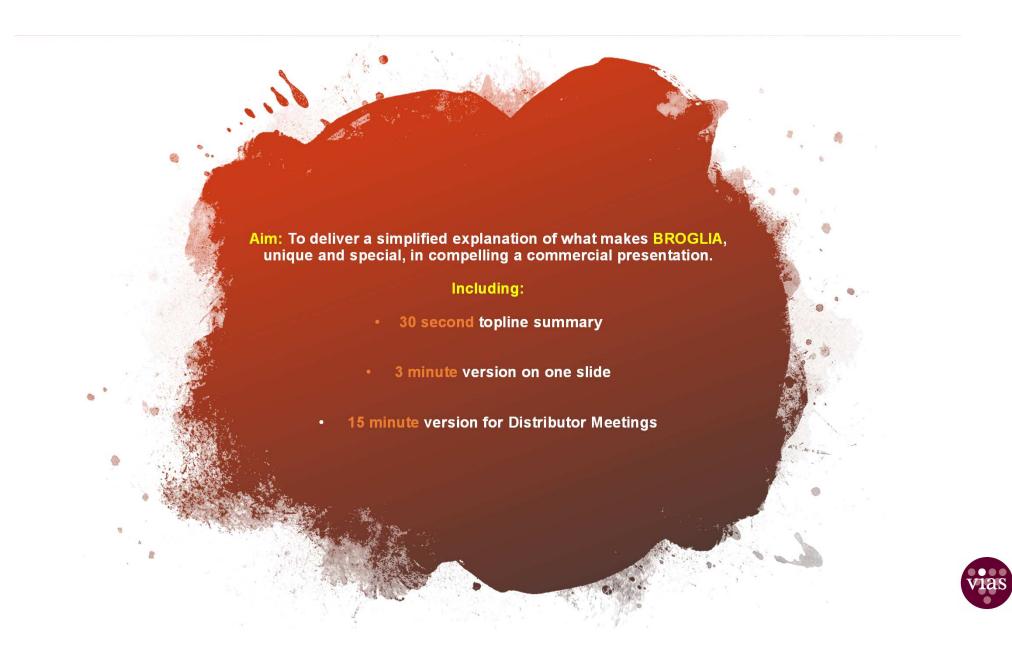


I VIGNETI PIÙ ANTICHI DI GAVI DAL 972 d.c.

Broglia

The oldest vineyards of Gavi, from 972 A.D.









BROGLIA is one of the historical wineries of Gavi.

Gavi is located in province of Alessandria, in the heart of the eleven municipalities of the Appellation. It gives its name to the wines within its classification, since it's the most important town at the center of its production zone.

The whole GAVI area is composed by 1,500 Ha of areas under vines.

La MEIRANA is located in the heart of this territory and represents the most ancient name attached to it.

- 100 Ha of lands owned by Broglia family;
- Vineyards are Contiguous
- Cortese is cultivated on 65 Ha, at an altitude of 250-300m as

Total winery production is 720,000 btls, which includes — along with Gavi di Gavi DOC and DOCG, a small production of Vecchia Annata, Metodo Classico, Barbera, Nebbiolo and Gavi Sparkling.

Germany, UK and USA are the most important markets.

It's usually considered to be the white counterpart to Barolo or Barolo Bianco.







The Brand Story on One Slide

- 1. Gavi DOCG is made entirely of Cortese grapes grown in 11 municipalities:
 Bosio, Capriata d'Orba, Carrosio, Francavilla Bisio, Gavi, Novi Ligure, Parodi
 Ligure, Pasturana, San Cristoforo, Serravalle Scrivia and Tassarolo.
 - 2. Milleniary history: A rental lease for Meirana, dated on June 3rd AD 972 by the Bishop of Genoa, is preserved as a registered document in the State Archives, located in Genoa.
 - 3. Gavi di Gavi DOC status was achieved in 1974, while DOCG status was officially recognized in 1998

Varietal: Cortese (100%).

Yield: 95 q / Ha (Regular and Sparkling) – 65 q /Ha (Riserva)

RISERVA: Minimum aging: 1 years (including 6 months in btl)

Minimum alcohol content: 10.5% (Regular) - 11.% Vol. (Riserva)

- 4. Broglia in numbers:
 - -Total Ha under vine: 100Ha Cortese 65 Ha
 - -Total production: 720,000 btls / Gavi di Gavi (DOC+DOCG): 700K btl
 - -Total grape production: 620 Ton
 - Average altitude of the Vineyards: 250-300 m asl/contiguous

BROGLIA SELLING POINTS

- ✓ La Meirana is one of the most historical Vineyards of Gavi (dated 972 AC)—purchased by Bruno Broglia in 1972
- ✓ The vineyards (100Ha) are entirely owned by the Broglia family, the only one with all grapes grown and vinified at their estate; temp controlled (18 C) in Stainless steel tanks since 1972- refining sur lie in batonnage at (5-8 C)
- ✓ Quality is achieved through Green Harvest (Yields for Bruno Broglia are far below the legal limit 30/40 q per Ha)
- ✓ **Broglia** was the first estate to collaborate with the Universita` di Torino in clonal research of the zone's prized Cortese variety —to study the **longevity** of this grape and **Temperature controlled** fermentation -**no Malolactic, yes Batonnage**







Gavi and Cortese- History and Numbers

- A. Name: Cortese derives from the Piedmontese dialect, "Corteis," or "Courteis," This grape prefers Calcareous and Marl soils
- B. Cortese has been documented in Piedmont since at least the 17th century, in 1614 in an inventory of cellars of the castle of Casale Monferrato.
- C. The First ampelographic description of Cortese is by Count Nuvolone in 1799 for the Turin Agricultural Society.
- D. In 1856 the Marquis Cambiaso planted the first large holdings of Cortese at his estates of Toledana and Centuriona
- E. Gavi di Gavi DOC status was achieved in 1974, while DOCG status was recognized officially in 1998
- F. Today, GAVI di GAVI DOCG:
 - Producers: 80 wineries
 - Total Ha under vine: 1,500 Ha / 3,700 Acres
 - Total Production: 13.4 mln bottles (same as Barolo)
 - Total Export: 80% of the production
 - Largest importers: Germany, UK, USA (50% combined)







BROGLIA HISTORY

In 1972 La Meirana, was purchased from Count Edilio Raggio, by Bruno Broglia, entrepreneur and owner of a textile company

Following Bruno Broglia's heritage, in 1983, the vineyards' area of cultivation was extended, and thanks to Luigi Vietti's project the winery grew, building a new wine cellar.

At the very same time in collaboration with the renowned Professor Donato Lanati, esteemed member of O.I.V (International Organization of Vine and Wine), the traditional Guyot system was renewed and maintained in all the vineyards

In the 1990s due to the Gavi success in the International markets, Broglia:

- Doubled the space of their wine cellar
- Completed new plantings in the vineyards, increasing the property from 65 to 100 hectares.





FUTURE PROJECTS

- Timorasso: Starting from September 2019, Broglia will produce their very first vintage of Timorasso (vintage 2018 7,000 btls forecasted) aged and fermented in stainless steel tanks.
- With **selected grapes**, their purpose is to add one more **indigenous Bianco** Piemontese to their selection.

STRENGTHS

- Focus overall on white, age-worthy indigenous varietals.
- CORTESE is a grape with an extraordinary longevity
- Focus on **Selezioni** not Riserva:
- Pruno Broglia vineyards are 65 years old.

 Natural yields of this vineyard are 1/3 compared to the younger vines.
- No need for massive green harvest Quality is achieved through Natural selection and yields.





Cortese: The grape for a "Barolo Bianco"

- Name: from Piedmontese Corteis
- White varietal characterized by:
- high acidity
- real minerality
- age worthiness
- high yields that need to be reduced for quality purposes
- levels of alcohol (typically 12.5% ABV)
- resistant to cold weather, high productivity, thin skinned berries.
- wide Biodiversity: 75 different biotypes have been studied, over 30 have been certified and available for sale.

Tasting notes Gavi:

- Dry, medium-bodied, lemony, truly mineral wine that features delicate white flowers and herbal nuances, with a biting high acidity.

Gavi it is noted for acute dryness and fresh, flinty acidity. It's a bright straw-yellow wine with greenish highlights and it has a full, delicate, elegant bouquet which brings flowers and fresh fruit to mind - mostly lemons, lilies of the valley, peach, banana and green apple.

Cortese Wine Regions

- -~1500 acres Ha Piemonte mainly, California and Australia (few wines)
- Total Gavi Production (Italy): 13.4 mln bottles (same as Barolo)



The LEGEND of GAVI...

- One romantic legend has it that the name of "GAVI" derives from the golden-haired, beautiful and gentlenatured Princess "GAVIA," daughter of Clodomiro, King of the Franks, who fell in love with a handsome man who served as a guard in her father's court.
- The couple sought the king's permission to marry, but he refused to have his daughter wed out of her class. Desperate, the young couple fled to a distant part of the kingdom and settled in a sleepy village on the other side of the Alps.
- Once caught, the two youngsters were not only pardoned, but received the modern territory of GAVI as a wedding gift from Amalasunta, Queen of the Goths, who named that land GAVI in the princess's honor.



Broglia:Score Chart



Wine	Wine Spectator	James Suckling	Wine Enthusiast	Wine Advocate	
La Meirana Gavi 2018	88	91	89		
Bruno Broglia Gavi 2018		90			
Bruno Broglia Gavi 2017	87	92	91		
Il Doge 2018	89				
Vecchia Annata 2010		90			



Competition / Consumer / Account Profile

Gavi di Gavi DOCG:

LA MEIRANA competitors

Fontanafredda: \$14.29

Banfi, Principessa Gavia: \$13.33

Beni Di Batasiolo: \$13.33 Marchesi di Barolo: \$13

Michele Chiarlo Le Marne: \$14.43

Tenuta la Marchesa Gold: \$15.33

Ca' Bianca Gavi: \$18

Gavi DOCG:

IL DOGE Competitors

Beni di Batasiolo: \$10

Enrico Serafino: \$12

Picollo Ernesto: \$11

Villa Sparina: \$10

Patrizi Gavi: \$10

Villa Rosa Gavi: \$12

Gavi di Gavi DOCG:

BRUNO BROGLIA competitors

La Scolca Black Label: \$31 Pio Cesare Gavi: \$20.09

Villa Sparina Monterotondo: \$25

ACCOUNT PROFILE

High end Restaurant – very versatile product

Asian Restaurant

Japanese Steakhouse

Italian Restaurant.









